



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY: KAKINADA
KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

For

B. TECH MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

(Applicable for batches admitted from 2019-2020)



JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY: KAKINADA

KAKINADA - 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India



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DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

COURSE STRUCTURE - R19

I Year – I SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course Code	Subjects	L	T	P	Credits
1	BS1101	Mathematics – I	3	0	0	3
2	BS1102	Mathematics – II	3	0	0	3
3	BS1108	Engineering Physics	3	0	0	3
4	ES1101	Programming for Problem Solving Using C	3	0	0	3
5	ES1103	Engineering Drawing	1	0	3	2.5
6	HS1102	English Lab	0	0	3	1.5
7	BS1109	Engineering Physics Lab	0	0	3	1.5
8	ES1102	Programming for Problem Solving Using C Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	MC1104	Constitution of India	2	0	0	0
Total Credits			15	0	12	19

I Year – II SEMESTER

Sl. No	Course Code	Subjects	L	T	P	Credits
1	HS1201	English	3	0	0	3
2	BS1210	Engineering Chemistry	3	0	0	3
3	ES1204	Engineering Mechanics	3	0	0	3
4	ES1206	Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering	3	0	0	3
5	ES1207	Computer Aided Engineering Drawing	1	0	3	2.5
6	HS1203	Communication Skills Lab	0	0	2	1
7	BS1211	Engineering Chemistry Lab	0	0	2	1.5
8	ES1208	Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering Lab	0	0	3	1.5
9	ES1219	Workshop Practice Lab	0	0	3	1.5
10	PR1201	Engineering Exploration Project	0	0	2	1
Total Credits			13	0	15	21



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I Year - I Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
Mathematics-I (BS1101) (Common to all Branch's for I Year B. Tech)					

Course Objectives:

- This course will illuminate the students in the concepts of calculus.
- To enlighten the learners in the concept of differential equations and multivariable calculus.
- To equip the students with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advanced level mathematics to develop the confidence and ability among the students to handle various real world problems and their applications.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- utilize mean value theorems to real life problems (L3)
- solve the differential equations related to various engineering fields (L3)
- familiarize with functions of several variables which is useful in optimization (L3)
- Apply double integration techniques in evaluating areas bounded by region (L3)
- students will also learn important tools of calculus in higher dimensions. Students will become familiar with 2- dimensional and 3-dimensional coordinate systems (L5)

UNIT I: Sequences, Series and Mean value theorems:

(10 hrs)

Sequences and Series: Convergences and divergence – Ratio test – Comparison tests – Integral test – Cauchy's root test – Alternate series – Leibnitz's rule.

Mean Value Theorems (without proofs): Rolle's Theorem – Lagrange's mean value theorem – Cauchy's mean value theorem – Taylor's and Maclaurin's theorems with remainders.

UNIT II: Differential equations of first order and first degree:

(10 hrs)

Linear differential equations – Bernoulli's equations – Exact equations and equations reducible to exact form.

Applications: Newton's Law of cooling – Law of natural growth and decay – Orthogonal trajectories – Electrical circuits.

UNIT III: Linear differential equations of higher order:

(10 hrs)

Non-homogeneous equations of higher order with constant coefficients – with non-homogeneous term of the type e^{ax} , $\sin ax$, $\cos ax$, polynomials in x^n , $e^{ax} V(x)$ and $x^n V(x)$ – Method of Variation of parameters.

Applications: LCR circuit, Simple Harmonic motion.



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UNIT IV: Partial differentiation:

(10 hrs)

Introduction – Homogeneous function – Euler’s theorem – Total derivative – Chain rule – Jacobian – Functional dependence – Taylor’s and Mc Laurent’s series expansion of functions of two variables. Applications: Maxima and Minima of functions of two variables without constraints and Lagrange’s method (with constraints).

UNIT V: Multiple integrals:

(8 hrs)

Double and Triple integrals – Change of order of integration – Change of variables. Applications: Finding Areas and Volumes.

Text Books:

1. **B. S. Grewal**, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 43rd Edition, Khanna Publishers.
2. **B. V. Ramana**, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 2007 Edition, Tata Mc. Graw Hill Education.

Reference Books:

1. **Erwin Kreyszig**, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10th Edition, Wiley-India.
2. **Joel Hass, Christopher Heil and Maurice D. Weir**, Thomas calculus, 14th Edition, Pearson.
3. **Lawrence Turyn**, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, CRC Press, 2013.
4. **Srimantha Pal, S C Bhunia**, Engineering Mathematics, Oxford University Press.



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I Year - I Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
MATHEMATICS - II (BS1102) (Common to all Branch's for I Year B. Tech)					

Course Objectives:

- To instruct the concept of Matrices in solving linear algebraic equations
- To elucidate the different numerical methods to solve nonlinear algebraic equations
- To disseminate the use of different numerical techniques for carrying out numerical integration.
- To equip the students with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advanced level mathematics to develop the confidence and ability among the students to handle various real world problems and their applications.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that is needed by engineers for practical applications (L6)
- solve system of linear algebraic equations using Gauss elimination, Gauss Jordan, Gauss Seidel (L3)
- evaluate approximating the roots of polynomial and transcendental equations by different algorithms (L5)
- apply Newton's forward & backward interpolation and Lagrange's formulae for equal and unequal intervals (L3)
- apply different algorithms for approximating the solutions of ordinary differential equations to its analytical computations (L3)

Unit I: Solving systems of linear equations, Eigen values and Eigen vectors: (10 hrs)

Rank of a matrix by echelon form and normal form – Solving system of homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations linear equations – Gauss Elimination for solving system of equations – Eigen values and Eigen vectors and their properties.

Unit-II: Cayley-Hamilton theorem and Quadratic forms: (10 hrs)

Cayley-Hamilton theorem (without proof) – Finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton theorem – Reduction to Diagonal form – Quadratic forms and nature of the quadratic forms – Reduction of quadratic form to canonical forms by orthogonal transformation.

Singular values of a matrix, singular value decomposition (Ref. Book – 1).



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UNIT III: Iterative methods: (8 hrs)

Introduction – Bisection method – Secant method – Method of false position – Iteration method – Newton-Raphson method (One variable and simultaneous Equations) – Jacobi and Gauss-Seidel methods for solving system of equations.

UNIT IV: Interpolation: (10 hrs)

Introduction – Errors in polynomial interpolation – Finite differences – Forward differences – Backward differences – Central differences – Relations between operators – Newton's forward and backward formulae for interpolation – Interpolation with unequal intervals – Lagrange's interpolation formula – Newton's divide difference formula.

UNIT V: Numerical integration and solution of ordinary differential equations: (10 hrs)

Trapezoidal rule – Simpson's $1/3^{\text{rd}}$ and $3/8^{\text{th}}$ rule – Solution of ordinary differential equations by Taylor's series – Picard's method of successive approximations – Euler's method – Runge-Kutta method (second and fourth order).

Text Books:

1. **B. S. Grewal**, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 43rd Edition, Khanna Publishers.
2. **B. V. Ramana**, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 2007 Edition, Tata Mc. Graw Hill Education.

Reference Books:

1. **David Poole**, Linear Algebra- A modern introduction, 4th Edition, Cengage.
2. **Steven C. Chapra**, Applied Numerical Methods with MATLAB for Engineering and Science, Tata Mc. Graw Hill Education.
3. **M. K. Jain, S. R. K. Iyengar and R. K. Jain**, Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, New Age International Publications.
4. **Lawrence Turyn**, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, CRC Press.



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I Year - I Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
ENGINEERING PHYSICS (BS1108)					

Course Objectives:

Physics curriculum which is re-oriented to the needs of non-circuital branches of graduate engineering courses offered by JNT University Kakinada that serves as a transit to understand the branch specific advanced topics. The course is designed to:

- Impart concepts of mechanics required to identify forces and moments in mechanical systems by vector representation-extend Newton's second law for inertial and non-inertial frames of reference- study different types of harmonic oscillatory motions.
- Tap the Simple harmonic motion and its adaptability for improved acoustic quality of concert halls- impart concepts of flaw detection techniques using ultrasonics.
- Study the structure- property relationship exhibited by solid materials within the elastic limit.
- Impart knowledge in basic concepts of LASERs along with its Engineering applications- Familiarize types of sensors for various engineering applications
- Explore the knowledge of magnetic and dielectric materials and their utility in appliances.

UNIT-I

(10hrs)

MECHANICS: Basic laws of vectors and scalars, rotational frames-conservative and non – conservative forces , $F = - \text{grad } V$, Newton's laws in inertial and linear accelerating non-inertial frames of reference, rotating frame of reference with constant angular velocity, Harmonic oscillator ; damped harmonic motion ; Forced oscillations and resonance.

Outcome:

The students will be able to

- Identify forces and moments in mechanical systems using scalar and vector techniques
- extend Newton's second law for inertial and non-inertial frame of reference
- explain simple harmonic motion and damped harmonic motions

UNIT-II

(10hrs)

ACOUSTICS & ULTRASONICS: Introduction – Reverberation - Reverberation time - Sabine's formula (Derivation using growth and decay method)–absorption coefficient and its determination-factors affecting acoustics of buildings and their remedies.

Production of ultrasonics by Magnetostriction and piezoelectric methods – Detection of ultrasonics - acoustic grating - Non-Destructive Testing- pulse echo system through transmission and reflection modes - Applications.



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Outcome:

The students will be able to

- explain how sound is propagated in buildings
- analyze acoustic properties of typically used materials in buildings
- recognize sound level disruptors and their use in architectural acoustics
- Use of ultrasonics in flaw detection using NDT technique

UNIT-III

(9hrs)

ELASTICITY:, stress, strain, Hooke's law, stress-strain curve, generalized Hooke's law with and without thermal strains for isotropic materials, different types of moduli and their relations, bending of beams – Bending moment of a beam – Depression of cantilever.

Outcome:

The students will be able to

- Understand the elasticity and plasticity concepts
- Study different types of moduli and their relation
- Analyze the concepts of shearing force and moment of inertia

UNIT-IV

(9hrs)

LASERS & SENSORS: Characteristics–Spontaneous and Stimulated emission of radiation – population inversion - Einstein's coefficients & Relation between them and their significance - Pumping Mechanisms - Ruby laser – Helium Neon laser – Applications.

SENSORS (qualitative description only): Different types of sensors and applications; Strain and Pressure sensors- Piezoelectric, magnetostrictive sensors, Temperature sensor - bimetallic strip, pyroelectric detectors.

Outcome:

The students will be able to

- **Understand** the basic concepts of LASER light Sources
- Study Different types of laser systems
- Identify different types of sensors and their working principles

UNIT-V

(10hrs)

MAGNETISM & DIELECTRICS: Introduction – Magnetic dipole moment – Magnetization- Magnetic susceptibility and permeability – Origin of permanent magnetic moment – Bohr Magneton - Classification of magnetic materials (Dia, Para and Ferro) – Domain concept of Ferromagnetism - Hysteresis – soft and hard magnetic materials – Applications of Ferromagnetic materials.

Introduction - Dielectric polarization – Dielectric polarizability, Susceptibility and Dielectric constant-types of polarizations: Electronic and Ionic (Quantitative), Orientational polarizations (qualitative)-Lorentz internal field – Claussius_Mossoti equation- Frequency dependence of polarization - Applications of dielectrics.

Outcome:

The students will be able to

- **explain** the concept of dielectric constant and polarization in dielectric materials.
- **summarize** various types of polarization of dielectrics .
- **interpret** Lorentz field and Claussius_Mosotti relation in dielectrics.
- **classify** the magnetic materials based on susceptibility and their temperature dependence.
- **explain** the applications of dielectric and magnetic materials .



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- **Apply** the concept of magnetism to magnetic devices.

Text Books:

1. “Engineering Mechanics” by Manoj K Harbola, Cengage Publications 2nd Eds.
2. “A text book of Engineering Physics” by P G Kshirsagar & M N Avadhanulu, S Chand & Company Ltd.
3. “Engineering Physics” by R K Gaur and S L Gupta, Dhanpat Rai Publications.
4. “Sensor and Transducers” by Ian R Sinclair, Elsevier (Newnes) 3rd Eds.

Reference Books:

1. “Engineering Physics” by M R Srinivasan, New Age International Publishers.
2. “Lectures on Physics” by Richard P Feynman, Pearson Publishers, New Millennium Eds.
3. “Lasers and Non-linear Optics” by B B Laud, New Age International Publishers (3rd Eds.).



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I Year - I Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING USING C (ES1101)					

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

The objectives of Programming for Problem Solving Using C are

- 1) To learn about the computer systems, computing environments, developing of a computer program and Structure of a C Program
- 2) To gain knowledge of the operators, selection, control statements and repetition in C
- 3) To learn about the design concepts of arrays, strings, enumerated structure and union types. To learn about their usage.
- 4) To assimilate about pointers, dynamic memory allocation and know the significance of Preprocessor.
- 5) To assimilate about File I/O and significance of functions

UNIT I

Introduction to Computers: Computer Systems, Computing Environments, Computer languages, Creating and running Programs, Computer Numbering System, Storing Integers, Storing Real Numbers

Introduction to the C Language: Background, C Programs, Identifiers, Types, Variable, Constants, Input/output, Programming Examples, Scope, Storage Classes and Type Qualifiers, Tips and Common Programming Errors Key Terms, Summary, Practice Set.

Structure of a C Program: Expressions Precedence and Associativity, Side Effects, Evaluating Expressions, Type Conversion Statements, Simple Programs, Command Line Arguments Tips and Common Errors, Key Terms, Summary, Practice Sets.

UNIT II

Bitwise Operators: Exact Size Integer Types, Logical Bitwise Operators, Shift Operators, Tips and Common Programming Errors, Key Terms, Summary, Practice Set.

Selection & Making Decisions: Logical Data and Operators, Two Way Selection, Multiway Selection, More Standard Functions, Tips and Common Programming Errors, Key Terms, Summary, Practice Set.

Repetition: Concept of Loop, Pretest and Post-test Loops, Initialization and Updating, Event and Counter Controlled Loops, Loops in C, Other Statements Related to Looping, Looping Applications, Programming Example The Calculator Program, Tips and Common Programming Errors, Key Terms, Summary, Practice Set.

UNIT III

Arrays: Concepts, Using Array in C, Array Application, Two Dimensional Arrays, Multidimensional Arrays, Programming Example – Calculate Averages, Tips and Common Programming Errors, Key Terms, Summary, Practice Set.

Strings: String Concepts, C String, String Input / Output Functions, Arrays of Strings, String Manipulation Functions String/ Data Conversion, A Programming Example – Morse Code, Tips and Common Programming Errors, Key Terms, Summary, Practice Set.

Enumerated, Structure, and Union: The Type Definition (Type def), Enumerated Types, Structure, Unions, Programming Application, Tips and Common Programming Errors, Key Terms, Summary, Practice Set.



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UNIT IV

Pointers: Interdiction, Pointers to pointers, Compatibility, L value and R value, Tips and Common Programming Errors, Key Terms, Summary, Practice Set.

Pointer Applications: Arrays, and Pointers, Pointer Arithmetic and Arrays, Memory Allocation Function, Array of Pointers, Programming Application, Tips and Common Programming Errors, Key Terms, Summary, Practice Set.

Processor Commands: Processor Commands, Tips and Common Programming Errors, Key Terms, Summary, Practice Set.

UNIT V

Text Input / Output: Files, Streams, Standard Library Input / Output Functions, Formatting Input / Output Functions, Character Input / Output Functions, Tips and Common Programming Errors, Key Terms, Summary, Practice Set.

Binary Input / Output: Text versus Binary Streams, Standard Library, Functions for Files, Converting File Type, Tips and Common Programming Errors, Key Terms, Summary, Practice Set.

Functions: Designing, Structured Programs, Function in C, User Defined Functions, Inter-Function Communication, Standard Functions, Passing Array to Functions, Passing Pointers to Functions, Recursion, Passing an Array to Function, Tips and Common Programming Errors, Key Terms, Summary, Practice Set.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

The student will

- 1) Acquires skills to write, compile and debug programs in C language.
- 2) Be able to use different operators, data types and write programs that use two-way/ multi-way selection.
- 3) Acquire knowledge to select the best loop construct for a given problem.
- 4) Design and implements programs to analyze the different pointer applications
- 5) Design and implements C programs with functions, File I/O operations

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Programming for Problem Solving, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Richard F. Gilberg, CENGAGE
2. The C Programming Language, Brian W. Kernighan, Dennis M. Ritchie, 2e, Pearson
3. Programming in C, Reema Thareja, OXFORD

REFERENCE:

1. Computer Fundamentals and Programming, Sumithabha Das, Mc Graw Hill
2. Programming in C, Ashok N. Kamthane, Amit Kamthane, Pearson
3. Computer Fundamentals and Programming in C, Pradip Dey, Manas Ghosh, OXFORD



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I Year - I Semester		L	T	P	C
		1	0	3	2.5
ENGINEERING DRAWING (ES1103)					

Course Objective: Engineering drawing being the principal method of communication for engineers, the objective is to introduce the students, the techniques of constructing the various types of polygons, curves and scales. The objective is also to visualize and represent the 3D objects in 2D planes with proper dimensioning, scaling etc.

Unit I

Objective: To introduce the students to use drawing instruments and to draw polygons, Engg. Curves.

Polygons: Constructing regular polygons by general methods, inscribing and describing polygons on circles.

Curves: Parabola, Ellipse and Hyperbola by general and special methods, cycloids, involutes, tangents & normals for the curves.

Scales: Plain scales, diagonal scales and vernier scales

Unit II

Objective: To introduce the students to use orthographic projections, projections of points & simple lines. To make the students draw the projections of the lines inclined to both the planes.

Orthographic Projections: Reference plane, importance of reference lines, projections of points in various quadrants, projections of lines, line parallel to both the planes, line parallel to one plane and inclined to other plane.

Projections of straight lines inclined to both the planes, determination of true lengths, angle of inclination and traces.

Unit III

Objective: The objective is to make the students draw the projections of the plane inclined to both the planes.

Projections of planes: regular planes perpendicular/parallel to one reference plane and inclined to the other reference plane; inclined to both the reference planes.

Unit IV

Objective: The objective is to make the students draw the projections of the various types of solids in different positions inclined to one of the planes.

Projections of Solids – Prisms, Pyramids, Cones and Cylinders with the axis inclined to both the planes.

Unit V

Objective: The objective is to represent the object in 3D view through isometric views. The student will be able to represent and convert the isometric view to orthographic view and vice versa.

Conversion of isometric views to orthographic views; Conversion of orthographic views to isometric views.

Computer Aided Design, Drawing practice using Auto CAD, Creating 2D&3D drawings of objects using Auto CAD

Note:In the End Examination there will be no question from CAD.



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TEXT BOOKS:

1. Engineering Drawing by N.D. Butt, Chariot Publications
2. Engineering Drawing by Agarwal & Agarwal, Tata McGraw Hill Publishers

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Engineering Drawing by K.L.Narayana & P. Kannaiah, Scitech Publishers
2. Engineering Graphics for Degree by K.C. John, PHI Publishers
3. Engineering Graphics by PI Varghese, McGrawHill Publishers
4. Engineering Drawing + AutoCad – K Venugopal, V. Prabhu Raja, New Age

Course Outcome: The student will learn how to visualize 2D & 3D objects.



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I Year - I Semester		L	T	P	C
		0	0	3	1.5
ENGLISH LAB (HS1102)					

UNIT I:

Vowels, Consonants, Pronunciation, Phonetic Transcription

UNIT II:

Past tense markers, word stress-di-syllabic words, Poly-Syllabic words

UNIT III:

Rhythm & Intonation

UNIT IV:

Contrastive Stress (Homographs)

UNIT V:

Word Stress: Weak and Strong forms

Stress in compound words

References books:

1. Infotech English, Maruthi Publications (with Compact Disc).
2. Exercises in Spoken English Part 1,2,3,4, OUP and CIEFL.
3. English Pronunciation in use- Mark Hancock, Cambridge University Press.
4. English Phonetics and Phonology-Peter Roach, Cambridge University Press.
5. English Pronunciation in use- Mark Hewings, Cambridge University Press.
6. English Pronunciation Dictionary- Daniel Jones, Cambridge University Press.
7. English Phonetics for Indian Students- P. Bala Subramanian, Mac Millan Publications.



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		0	0	3	1.5
PROGRAMMING FOR PROBLEM SOLVING USING C LAB (ES1102)					

Course Objectives:

- 1) Apply the principles of C language in problem solving.
- 2) To design flowcharts, algorithms and knowing how to debug programs.
- 3) To design & develop of C programs using arrays, strings pointers & functions.
- 4) To review the file operations, preprocessor commands.

Exercise 1:

1. Write a C program to print a block F using hash (#), where the F has a height of six characters and width of five and four characters.
2. Write a C program to compute the perimeter and area of a rectangle with a height of 7 inches and width of 5 inches.
3. Write a C program to display multiple variables.

Exercise 2:

1. Write a C program to calculate the distance between the two points.
2. Write a C program that accepts 4 integers p, q, r, s from the user where r and s are positive and p is even. If q is greater than r and s is greater than p and if the sum of r and s is greater than the sum of p and q print "Correct values", otherwise print "Wrong values".

Exercise 3:

1. Write a C program to convert a string to a long integer.
2. Write a program in C which is a Menu-Driven Program to compute the area of the various geometrical shape.
3. Write a C program to calculate the factorial of a given number.

Exercise 4:

1. Write a program in C to display the n terms of even natural number and their sum.
2. Write a program in C to display the n terms of harmonic series and their sum.
 $1 + 1/2 + 1/3 + 1/4 + 1/5 \dots 1/n$ terms.
3. Write a C program to check whether a given number is an Armstrong number or not.

Exercise 5:

1. Write a program in C to print all unique elements in an array.
2. Write a program in C to separate odd and even integers in separate arrays.
3. Write a program in C to sort elements of array in ascending order.

Exercise 6:

1. Write a program in C for multiplication of two square Matrices.
2. Write a program in C to find transpose of a given matrix.

Exercise 7:

1. Write a program in C to search an element in a row wise and column wise sorted matrix.
2. Write a program in C to print individual characters of string in reverse order.

Exercise 8:

1. Write a program in C to compare two strings without using string library functions.
2. Write a program in C to copy one string to another string.



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Exercise 9:

1. Write a C Program to Store Information Using Structures with Dynamically Memory Allocation
2. Write a program in C to demonstrate how to handle the pointers in the program.

Exercise 10:

1. Write a program in C to demonstrate the use of & (address of) and *(value at address) operator.
2. Write a program in C to add two numbers using pointers.

Exercise 11:

1. Write a program in C to add numbers using call by reference.
2. Write a program in C to find the largest element using Dynamic Memory Allocation.

Exercise 12:

1. Write a program in C to swap elements using call by reference.
2. Write a program in C to count the number of vowels and consonants in a string using a pointer.

Exercise 13:

1. Write a program in C to show how a function returning pointer.
2. Write a C program to find sum of n elements entered by user. To perform this program, allocate memory dynamically using malloc() function.

Exercise 14:

1. Write a C program to find sum of n elements entered by user. To perform this program, allocate memory dynamically using calloc() function. Understand the difference between the above two programs
2. Write a program in C to convert decimal number to binary number using the function.

Exercise 15:

1. Write a program in C to check whether a number is a prime number or not using the function.
2. Write a program in C to get the largest element of an array using the function.

Exercise 16:

1. Write a program in C to append multiple lines at the end of a text file.
2. Write a program in C to copy a file in another name.
3. Write a program in C to remove a file from the disk.

Course Outcomes:

By the end of the Lab, the student

- 1) Gains Knowledge on various concepts of a C language.
- 2) Able to draw flowcharts and write algorithms.
- 3) Able design and development of C problem solving skills.
- 4) Able to design and develop modular programming skills.
- 5) Able to trace and debug a program



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		2	0	0	0

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA (MC1104)

Course Objectives:

- To Enable the student to understand the importance of constitution
- To understand the structure of executive, legislature and judiciary
- To understand philosophy of fundamental rights and duties
- To understand the autonomous nature of constitutional bodies like Supreme Court and high court controller and auditor general of India and election commission of India.
- To understand the central and state relation financial and administrative.

UNIT-I

Introduction to Indian Constitution: Constitution meaning of the term, Indian Constitution - Sources and constitutional history, Features - Citizenship, Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties, Directive Principles of State Policy.

Learning outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the concept of Indian constitution
- Apply the knowledge on directive principle of state policy
- Analyze the History, features of Indian constitution
- Evaluate Preamble Fundamental Rights and Duties

UNIT-II

Union Government and its Administration Structure of the Indian Union: Federalism, Centre- State relationship, President: Role, power and position, PM and Council of ministers, Cabinet and Central Secretariat, Lok Sabha, Rajya Sabha, The Supreme Court and High Court: Powers and Functions;

Learning outcomes:-After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the structure of Indian government
- Differentiate between the state and central government
- Explain the role of President and Prime Minister
- Know the Structure of supreme court and High court

UNIT-III

State Government and its Administration Governor - Role and Position - CM and Council of ministers, State Secretariat: Organisation, Structure and Functions

Learning outcomes:-After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the structure of state government
- Analyze the role Governor and Chief Minister
- Explain the role of state Secretariat
- Differentiate between structure and functions of state secretariat

UNIT-IV

A. Local Administration - District's Administration Head - Role and Importance, Municipalities - Mayor and role of Elected Representative - CEO of Municipal Corporation Panchayati Raj: Functions PRI: Zila Panchayat, Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Panchayat: Block level Organizational Hierarchy - (Different departments), Village level - Role of Elected and Appointed officials - Importance of grass root democracy

Learning outcomes:-After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the local Administration
- Compare and contrast district administration role and importance
- Analyze the role of Myer and elected representatives of Municipalities
- Evaluate Zillapanchayat block level organisation



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DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

UNIT-V

Election Commission: Election Commission- Role of Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissionerate State Election Commission:, Functions of Commissions for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women

Learning outcomes:-After completion of this unit student will

- Know the role of Election Commission apply knowledge
- Contrast and compare the role of Chief Election commissioner and Commissiononerate
- Analyze role of state election commission
- Evaluate various commissions of viz SC/ST/OBC and women

References:

1. Durga Das Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Prentice – Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.. New Delhi
2. SubashKashyap, Indian Constitution, National Book Trust
3. J.A. Siwach, Dynamics of Indian Government & Politics
4. D.C. Gupta, Indian Government and Politics
5. H.M.Sreevai, Constitutional Law of India, 4th edition in 3 volumes (Universal Law Publication)
6. J.C. Johari, Indian Government and Politics Hans
7. J. Raj IndianGovernment and Politics
8. M.V. Pylee, Indian Constitution Durga Das Basu, Human Rights in Constitutional Law, Prentice – Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.. New Delhi
9. Noorani, A.G., (South Asia Human Rights Documentation Centre), Challenges to Civil Right), Challenges to Civil Rights Guarantees in India, Oxford University Press 2012

E-resources:

1. nptel.ac.in/courses/109104074/8
2. nptel.ac.in/courses/109104045/
3. nptel.ac.in/courses/101104065/
4. www.hss.iitb.ac.in/en/lecture-details
5. www.iitb.ac.in/en/event/2nd-lecture-institute-lecture-series-indian-constitution

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the semester/course, the student will be able to have a clear knowledge on the following:

- Understand historical background of the constitution making and its importance for building a democratic India.
- Understand the functioning of three wings of the government ie., executive, legislative and judiciary.
- Understand the value of the fundamental rights and duties for becoming good citizen of India.
- Analyze the decentralization of power between central, state and local self-government.
- Apply the knowledge in strengthening of the constitutional institutions like CAG, Election Commission and UPSC for sustaining democracy.
 1. Know the sources, features and principles of Indian Constitution.
 2. Learn about Union Government, State government and its administration.
 3. Get acquainted with Local administration and Pachayati Raj.
 4. Be aware of basic concepts and developments of Human Rights.
 5. Gain knowledge on roles and functioning of Election Commission



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I Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
ENGLISH (HS1201)					

Introduction

The course is designed to train students in receptive (listening and reading) as well as productive and interactive (speaking and writing) skills by incorporating a comprehensive, coherent and integrated approach that improves the learners' ability to effectively use English language in academic/ workplace contexts. The shift is from *learning about the language* to *using the language*. On successful completion of the compulsory English language course/s in B.Tech., learners would be confident of appearing for international language qualification/proficiency tests such as IELTS, TOEFL, or BEC, besides being able to express themselves clearly in speech and competently handle the writing tasks and verbal ability component of campus placement tests. Activity based teaching-learning methods would be adopted to ensure that learners would engage in actual use of language both in the classroom and laboratory sessions.

Course Objectives

- Facilitate effective listening skills for better comprehension of academic lectures and English spoken by native speakers
- Focus on appropriate reading strategies for comprehension of various academic texts and authentic materials
- Help improve speaking skills through participation in activities such as role plays, discussions and structured talks/oral presentations
- Impart effective strategies for good writing and demonstrate the same in summarizing, writing well organized essays, record and report useful information
- Provide knowledge of grammatical structures and vocabulary and encourage their appropriate use in speech and writing

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to

- understand social or transactional dialogues spoken by native speakers of English and identify the context, topic, and pieces of specific information
- ask and answer general questions on familiar topics and introduce oneself/others
- employ suitable strategies for skimming and scanning to get the general idea of a text and locate specific information
- recognize paragraph structure and be able to match beginnings/endings/headings with paragraphs
- form sentences using proper grammatical structures and correct word forms

Unit 1:

Lesson-1: A Drawer full of happiness from “**Infotech English**”, Maruthi Publications

Lesson-2: Deliverance by Premchand from “**The Individual Society**”, Pearson Publications.

(Non-detailed)

Listening: Listening to short audio texts and identifying the topic. Listening to short audio texts and identifying the context and specific pieces of information to answer a series of questions both in speaking and writing.



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Speaking: Asking and answering general questions on familiar topics such as home, family, work, studies and interests. Self introductions and introducing others.

Reading: Skimming text to get the main idea. Scanning to look for specific pieces of information.

Reading for Writing: Paragraph writing (specific topics) using suitable cohesive devices; linkers, sign posts and transition signals; mechanics of writing - punctuation, capital letters.

Vocabulary: Technical vocabulary from across technical branches (20) GRE Vocabulary (20) (Antonyms and Synonyms, Word applications) Verbal reasoning and sequencing of words.

Grammar: Content words and function words; word forms: verbs, nouns, adjectives and adverbs; nouns: countables and uncountables; singular and plural basic sentence structures; simple question form - wh-questions; word order in sentences.

Pronunciation: Vowels, Consonants, Plural markers and their realizations

Unit 2:

Lesson-1: Nehru's letter to his daughter Indira on her birthday from "Infotech English", Maruthi Publications

Lesson-2: Bosom Friend by Hira Bansode from "The Individual Society", Pearson Publications. (Non-detailed)

Listening: Answering a series of questions about main idea and supporting ideas after listening to audio texts, both in speaking and writing.

Speaking: Discussion in pairs/ small groups on specific topics followed by short structured talks. Functional English: Greetings and leave takings.

Reading: Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal techniques that help to link the ideas in a paragraph together.

Reading for Writing: Summarizing - identifying main idea/s and rephrasing what is read; avoiding redundancies and repetitions.

Vocabulary: Technical vocabulary from across technical branches (20 words). GRE Vocabulary Analogies (20 words) (Antonyms and Synonyms, Word applications)

Grammar: Use of articles and zero article; prepositions.

Pronunciation: Past tense markers, word stress-di-syllabic words

Unit 3:

Lesson-1: Stephen Hawking-Positivity 'Benchmark' from "Infotech English", Maruthi Publications



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Lesson-2: Shakespeare’s Sister by Virginia Woolf from “The Individual Society”, Pearson Publications. (Non-detailed)

Listening: Listening for global comprehension and summarizing what is listened to, both in speaking and writing.

Speaking: Discussing specific topics in pairs or small groups and reporting what is discussed. Functional English: Complaining and Apologizing.

Reading: Reading a text in detail by making basic inferences - recognizing and interpreting specific context clues; strategies to use text clues for comprehension. Critical reading.

Reading for Writing: Summarizing - identifying main idea/s and rephrasing what is read; avoiding redundancies and repetitions. Letter writing-types, format and principles of letter writing. E-mail etiquette, Writing CV’s.

Vocabulary: Technical vocabulary from across technical branches (20 words). GRE Vocabulary (20 words) (Antonyms and Synonyms, Word applications) Association, sequencing of words

Grammar: Verbs - tenses; subject-verb agreement; direct and indirect speech, reporting verbs for academic purposes.

Pronunciation: word stress-poly-syllabic words

Unit 4:

Lesson-1: Liking a Tree, Unbowed: Wangari Maathai-biography from “Infotech English”, Maruthi Publications

Lesson-2: Telephone Conversation-Wole Soyinka from “The Individual Society”, Pearson Publications. (Non-detailed)

Listening: Making predictions while listening to conversations/ transactional dialogues without video (only audio); listening to audio-visual texts.

Speaking: Role plays for practice of conversational English in academic contexts (formal and informal) - asking for and giving information/directions. Functional English: Permissions, Requesting, Inviting.

Reading: Studying the use of graphic elements in texts to convey information, reveal trends/patterns/relationships, communicative process or display complicated data.

Reading for Writing: Information transfer; describe, compare, contrast, identify significance/trends based on information provided in figures/charts/graphs/tables. Writing SOP, writing for media.

Vocabulary: Technical vocabulary from across technical branches (20 words) GRE Vocabulary (20 words) (Antonyms and Synonyms, Word applications) Cloze Encounters.



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Grammar: Quantifying expressions - adjectives and adverbs; comparing and contrasting; degrees of comparison; use of antonyms

Pronunciation: Contrastive Stress

Unit 5:

Lesson-1: Stay Hungry-Stay foolish from “**Infotech English**”, Maruthi Publications

Lesson-2: Still I Rise by Maya Angelou from “**The Individual Society**”, Pearson Publications.
(Non-detailed)

Listening: Identifying key terms, understanding concepts and interpreting the concepts both in speaking and writing.

Speaking: Formal oral presentations on topics from academic contexts - without the use of PPT slides. Functional English: Suggesting/Opinion giving.

Reading: Reading for comprehension. RAP Strategy Intensive reading and Extensive reading techniques.

Reading for Writing: Writing academic proposals- writing research articles: format and style.

Vocabulary: Technical vocabulary from across technical branches (20 words) GRE Vocabulary (20 words) (Antonyms and Synonyms, Word applications) Coherence, matching emotions.

Grammar: Editing short texts – identifying and correcting common errors in grammar and usage (articles, prepositions, tenses, subject verb agreement)

Pronunciation: Stress in compound words

Prescribed text books for theory:

1. “**Infotech English**”, Maruthi Publications. (Detailed)
2. “**The Individual Society**”, Pearson Publications. (Non-detailed)

Reference books:

1. Bailey, Stephen. Academic writing: A handbook for international students. Routledge, 2014.
2. Chase, Becky Tarver. Pathways: Listening, Speaking and Critical Thinking. Heinley ELT; 2nd Edition, 2018.
3. Skillful Level 2 Reading & Writing Student's Book Pack (B1) Macmillan Educational.
4. Hewings, Martin. Cambridge Academic English (B2). CUP, 2012.



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DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

I Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY (BS1210)					

Knowledge of basic concepts of Chemistry for Engineering students will help them as professional engineers later in design and material selection, as well as utilizing the available resources.

Learning Objectives:

- **Importance** of usage of plastics in household appliances and composites (FRP) in aerospace and automotive industries.
- **Outline** the basics for the construction of electrochemical cells, batteries and fuel cells. Understand the mechanism of corrosion and how it can be prevented.
Express the increase in demand as wide variety of advanced materials are introduced; which have excellent engineering properties.
Classify and discuss the materials used in major industries like steel industry, metallurgical industries and construction industries and electrical equipment manufacturing industries. Lubrication is also **summarized**.
- **Relate** the need of fuels as a source of energy to any industry, particularly industries like thermal power stations, steel industry, fertilizer industry etc., and hence introduced.
- **Explain** the importance and usage of water as basic material in almost all the industries; **interpret** drawbacks of steam boilers and also how portable water is supplied for drinking purposes.

UNIT I: POLYMER TECHNOLOGY

Polymerisation:- Introduction-methods of polymerization (emulsion and suspension)-physical and mechanical properties.

Plastics: Compounding-fabrication (compression, injection, blown film, extrusion) - preparation, properties and applications of PVC, polycarbonates and Bakelite-mention some examples of plastic materials used in electronic gadgets, recycling of e-plastic waste.

Elastomers:- Natural rubber-drawbacks-vulcanization-preparation, properties and applications of synthetic rubbers (Buna S, thiokol and polyurethanes).

Composite materials: Fiber reinforced plastics-conducting polymers-biodegradable polymers-biopolymers-biomedical polymers.

Learning Outcomes: At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- **Outline** the properties of polymers and various additives added and different methods of forming plastic materials.
- **Explain** the preparation, properties and applications of some plastic materials.
- **Interpret** the mechanism of conduction in conducting polymers .
- **Discuss** natural and synthetic rubbers and their applications.

UNIT II: ELECTROCHEMICAL CELLS AND CORROSION

Single electrode potential-Electrochemical series and uses of series-standard hydrogen electrode, calomel electrode-concentration cell-construction of glass electrode-Batteries: Dry cell, Ni-Cd cells,



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Ni-Metal hydride cells, Li ion battery, zinc air cells–Fuel cells: H₂-O₂, CH₃OH-O₂, phosphoric acid, molten carbonate.

Corrosion:-Definition-theories of corrosion (chemical and electrochemical)-galvanic corrosion, differential aeration corrosion, stress corrosion, waterline corrosion-passivity of metals-galvanic series-factors influencing rate of corrosion-corrosion control (proper designing, cathodic protection)-Protective coatings: Surface preparation, cathodic and anodic coatings, electroplating, electroless plating (nickel). Paints (constituents, functions, special paints).

Learning Outcomes: At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- **Explain** the theory of construction of battery and fuel cells.
- **Categorize** the reasons for corrosion and study some methods of corrosion control.

UNIT III: CHEMISTRY OF MATERIALS

Part- A:

Nano materials:- Introduction-sol-gel method-characterization by BET, SEM and TEM methods-applications of graphene-carbon nanotubes and fullerenes:Types, preparation and applications

Thermal analysis techniques: Instrumentation and applications of thermogravimetric analysis (TGA), differential thermal analysis (DTA), differential scanning calorimetry (DSC).

Part-B:

Refractories: - Definition, classification, properties (refractoriness, refractoriness under load, porosity and thermal spalling), failure of refractories.

Lubricants: - Definition, mechanism of lubricants and properties (definition and importance).

Cement: - Constituents, manufacturing, parameters to characterize the clinker formation: lime saturation factor (LSF), silica ratio (SR) and alumina ratio (AR), chemistry of setting and hardening, deterioration of cement.

Learning Outcomes: At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- **Outline** the awareness of materials like nanomaterials and fullerenes and their uses.
- **Explain** the techniques that detect and measure changes of state of reaction.
- **Illustrate** the commonly used industrial materials.

UNIT IV: FUELS

Introduction-calorific value-HCV and LCV-problems using Dulong's formula-proximate and ultimate analysis of coal sample-significance of these analyses-problems-Petroleum (refining-cracking)-Synthetic petrol (Fischer Tropsch and Bergius)-petrol knocking-diesel knocking-octane and cetane ratings-anti-knock agents-Introduction to alternative fuels (Bio-diesel, ethanol, methanol, Natural gas, LPG, CNG)-Flue gas analysis by Orsat apparatus-Rocket fuels.

Learning Outcomes: At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- **Differentiate** petroleum, petrol, synthetic petrol and have knowledge how they are produced.
- **Study** alternate fuels.
- **Analyse** flue gases.

UNIT V: WATER TECHNOLOGY

Hardness of water-determination of hardness by complexometric method-boiler troubles (priming and foaming, scale formation, boiler corrosion, caustic embrittlement)-internal treatments-softening of hard water (zeolite process and related sums, ion exchange process)-treatment of industrial waste water

Portable water and its specifications-steps involved in purification of water-chlorination, break point chlorination-reverse osmosis and electro dialysis.



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Learning Outcomes: At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- **Explain** the impurities present in raw water, problems associated with them and how to avoid them are understood.

Standard Books:

1. Engineering Chemistry by Jain and Jain; Dhanpat Rai Publicating Co. Latest edition
2. Engineering Chemistry by Shikha Agarwal; Cambridge University Press, 2019 edition.
3. A text book of engineering Chemistry by S. S. Dara; S. Chand & Co Ltd., Latest Edition
4. Engineering Chemistry by Shashi Chawla; Dhanpat Rai Publicating Co. Latest edition



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DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

I Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
ENGINEERING MECHANICS (BS1204)					

Objectives: The students completing this course are expected to understand the concepts of forces and its resolution in different planes, resultant of force system, Forces acting on a body, their free body diagrams using graphical methods. They are required to understand the concepts of centre of gravity and moments of inertia and their application, Analysis of frames and trusses, different types of motion, friction and application of work - energy method.

UNIT – I

Objectives: The students are to be exposed to the concepts of force and friction, direction and its application.

Introduction to Engg. Mechanics – Basic Concepts.

Systems of Forces: Coplanar Concurrent Forces – Components in Space – Resultant – Moment of Force and its Application – Couples and Resultant of Force Systems.

Friction: Introduction, limiting friction and impending motion, coulomb's laws of dry friction, coefficient of friction, cone of friction

UNIT II

Objectives: The students are to be exposed to application of free body diagrams. Solution to problems using graphical methods and law of triangle of forces.

Equilibrium of Systems of Forces: Free Body Diagrams, , Lami's Theorem, Equations of Equilibrium of Coplanar Systems, Graphical method for the equilibrium, Triangle law of forces, converse of the law of polygon of forces condition of equilibrium, Equations of Equilibrium for Spatial System of forces, Numerical examples on spatial system of forces using vector approach, Analysis of plane trusses.

UNIT – III

Objectives : The students are to be exposed to concepts of centre of gravity. The students are to be exposed to concepts of moment of inertia and polar moment of inertia including transfer methods and their applications.

Centroid: Centroids of simple figures (from basic principles) – Centroids of Composite Figures

Centre of Gravity: Centre of gravity of simple body (from basic principles), centre of gravity of composite bodies, Pappus theorems.

Area moments of Inertia: Definition – Polar Moment of Inertia, Transfer Theorem, Moments of Inertia of Composite Figures, Products of Inertia, Transfer Formula for Product of Inertia. **Mass**

Moment of Inertia: Moment of Inertia of Masses, Transfer Formula for Mass Moments of Inertia, mass moment of inertia of composite bodies.

UNIT – IV

Objectives: The students are to be exposed to motion in straight line and in curvilinear paths, its velocity and acceleration computation and methods of representing plane motion.

Rectilinear and Curvilinear motion of a particle: Kinematics and Kinetics- Work Energy method and applications to particle motion- Impulse momentum method.



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UNIT – V

Objectives: The students are to be exposed to rigid motion kinematics and kinetics

Rigid body Motion: Kinematics and kinetics of translation, Rotation about fixed axis and plane motion, Work Energy method and Impulse momentum method.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Engg. Mechanics - S.Timoshenko & D.H.Young., 4th Edn - , Mc Graw Hill publications.

Course outcomes:

1. The student should be able to draw free body diagrams for FBDs for particles and rigid bodies in plane and space and problems to solve the unknown forces, orientations and geometric parameters.
2. He should be able to determine centroid for lines, areas and center of gravity for volumes and their composites.
3. He should be able to determine area and mass movement of inertia for composite sections
4. He should be able to analyze motion of particles and rigid bodies and apply the principles of motion, work energy and impulse – momentum.



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DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

I Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3
BASIC ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING (ES1206)					

Preamble:

This course covers the topics related to analysis of various electrical circuits, operation of various electrical machines and electronic components to perform well in their respective fields.

Learning Objectives:

- To learn the basic principles of electrical circuit law's and analysis of networks.
- To understand principle of operation and construction details of DC machines.
- To understand principle of operation and construction details of transformers, alternator and 3-Phase induction motor.
- To study operation of PN junction diode, half wave, full wave rectifiers and OP-AMPS.
- To learn operation of PNP and NPN transistors and various amplifiers.

Unit - I

Electrical Circuits

Basic definitions – types of network elements – Ohm's Law – Kirchoff's Laws – inductive networks – capacitive networks – series – parallel circuits – star-delta and delta-star transformations.- Numerical Problems.

Unit - II

DC Machines

Principle of operation of DC generator – EMF equation – types of DC machines – torque equation characteristics of DC motors – applications – three point starter – speed control methods of DC motor – Swinburne's Test-Brake test on DC shunt motor-Numerical problems.

Unit - III

AC Machines:

Transformers

Principle of operation and construction of single phase transformers – EMF equation – Losses – OC & SC tests – efficiency and regulation-Numerical Problems.

AC Rotating Machines

Principle of operation and construction of alternators – types of alternators Regulation of alternator by synchronous impedance method – principle of operation of synchronous motor – principle of operation of 3-Phase induction motor – slip-torque characteristics – efficiency – applications-Numerical Problems.



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Unit IV

Rectifiers & Linear ICs

PN junction diodes – diode applications (half wave and bridge rectifiers). Characteristics of operation amplifiers (OP-AMP) – application of OP-AMPs (inverting, non-inverting, integrator and differentiator)-Numerical Problems.

Unit V

Transistors

PNP and NPN junction transistor, transistor as an amplifier– frequency response of CE amplifier – Basic concepts of feedback amplifier-Numerical problems.

Learning Outcomes:

The student should be able to:

- Analyse various electrical networks.
- Understand operation of DC generators, 3-point starter and DC machine testing by Swinburne's Test and Brake test.
- Analyse performance of single-phase transformer and acquire proper knowledge and working of 3-phase alternator and 3-phase induction motors.
- Analyse operation of half wave, full wave bridge rectifiers and OP-AMPs.
- Understanding operations of CE amplifier and basic concept of feedback amplifier.

Text Books:

1. Electrical Technology by Surinder Pal Bali, Pearson Publications.
2. Electronic Devices and Circuits by R.L. Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, 9th edition, PHI/PHI 2006.

Reference Books:

1. Electrical Circuit Theory and Technology by John Bird, Routledge Taylor & Francis Group
2. Basic Electrical Engineering by M.S.Naidu and S.Kamakshiah, TMH Publications
3. Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering by Rajendra Prasad, PHI Publications, 2nd edition
4. Basic Electrical Engineering by Nagsarkar, Sukhija, Oxford Publications, 2nd edition
5. Industrial Electronics by G.K. Mittal, PHI



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DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

I Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
		1	0	3	2.5
COMPUTER AIDED ENGINEERING DRAWING (ES1207)					

Course Objective: To enhance the student's knowledge and skills in engineering drawing and to introduce drafting packages and commands for computer aided drawing and modeling.

UNIT-I:

Objective: The knowledge of projections of solids is essential in 3D modeling and animation. The student will be able to draw projections of solids. The objective is to enhance the skills they already acquired in their earlier course in drawing of projection.

PROJECTIONS OF SOLIDS: Projections of Regular Solids inclined to both planes – Auxiliary Views.

UNIT-II:

The knowledge of sections of solids and development of surfaces is required in designing and manufacturing of the objects. Whenever two or more solids combine, a definite curve is seen at their intersection.

SECTIONS OF SOLIDS: Sections and Sectional views of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone – Auxiliary views.

DEVELOPMENT AND INTERPENETRATION OF SOLIDS: Development of Surfaces of Right Regular Solids – Prism, Cylinder, Pyramid, Cone and their parts.

UNIT-III:

The intersection of solids also plays an important role in designing and manufacturing. The objective is to impart this knowledge through this topic. A perspective view provides a realistic 3D View of an object. The objective is to make the students learn the methods of Iso and Perspective views.

INTERPENETRATION OF RIGHT REGULAR SOLIDS: Intersection of Cylinder Vs Cylinder, Cylinder Vs Prism, Cylinder Vs Cone, Prism Vs Cone.

PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS: Perspective View: Points, Lines, Plane Figures and Simple Solids,

Vanishing Point Methods (General Method only).

In part B computer aided drafting is introduced.

UNIT IV:

The objective is to introduce various commands in AutoCAD to draw the geometric entities and to create 2D and 3D wire frame models.

INTRODUCTION TO COMPUTER AIDED DRAFTING: Generation of points, lines, curves, polygons, dimensioning. Types of modeling : object selection commands – edit, zoom, cross hatching, pattern filling, utility commands, 2D wire frame modeling, 3D wire frame modeling,.

UNIT V:

By going through this topic the student will be able to understand the paper-space environment thoroughly.

VIEW POINTS AND VIEW PORTS: view point coordinates and view(s) displayed, examples to exercise different options like save, restore, delete , joint , single option.



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UNIT VI:

The objective is to make the students create geometrical model of simple solids and machine parts and display the same as an Isometric, Orthographic or Perspective projection.

COMPUTER AIDED SOLID MODELING: Isometric projections, orthographic projections of isometric projections, Modeling of simple solids, Modeling of Machines & Machine Parts.

TEXT BOOKS :

1. Engineering drawing by N.D Bhatt , Charotar publications.
2. Engineering Graphics, K.C. john, PHI Publications

REFERENCES:

1. Mastering Auto CAD 2013 and Auto CAD LT 2013 – George Omura, Sybex
2. Auto CAD 2013 fundamentals- Elisemoss, SDC Publ.
3. Engineering Drawing and Graphics using Auto Cad – T Jeyapoovan, vikas
4. Engineering Drawing + AutoCAD – K Venugopal, V. Prabhu Raja, New Age
5. Engineering Drawing – RK Dhawan, S Chand
6. Engineering Drawing – MB Shaw, BC Rana, Pearson
7. Engineering Drawing – KL Narayana, P Kannaiah, Scitech
8. Engineering Drawing – Agarwal and Agarwal, Mc Graw Hill
9. Engineering Graphics – PI Varghese, Mc Graw Hill
10. Text book of Engineering Drawing with auto-CAD , K.venkata reddy/B.S . publications.
11. Engineering Drawing with Auto CAD/ James D Bethune/Pearson Publications
12. Engineering Graphics with Auto CAD/Kulkarni D.M, Rastogi A.P, Sarkar A.K/PHI Publications

End Semester examination shall be conducted for **Four** hours with the following pattern:

- a) Two hours-Conventional drawing
- b) Two hours – Computer Aided Drawing

Course outcomes:

1. Student get exposed on working of sheet metal with help of development of surfaces.
2. Student understands how to know the hidden details of machine components with the help of sections and interpenetrations of solids.
3. Student shall exposed to modeling commands for generating 2D and 3D objects using computer aided drafting tools which are useful to create machine elements for computer aided analysis.



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KAKINADA – 533 003, Andhra Pradesh, India

DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

I Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
		0	0	2	1
COMMUNICATION SKILLS LAB (HS1203)					

UNIT I:

Oral Activity: JAM, Hypothetical Situations, Self/Peer Profile
 Common Errors in Pronunciation, Neutralising Accent

UNIT II:

Oral Activity: Telephonic Etiquette, Role Plays
 Poster Presentations

UNIT III:

Oral Activity: Oral Presentation skills, Public speaking
 Data Interpretation

UNIT IV:

Oral Activity: Group Discussions: Do's and Don'ts- Types, Modalities

UNIT V:

Oral Activity: Interview Skills: Preparatory Techniques, Frequently asked questions, Mock Interviews.
 Pronunciation: Connected speech (Pausing, Tempo, Tone, Fluency etc.,)

References:

1. Infotech English, Maruthi Publications (with Compact Disc).
2. Exercises in Spoken English Part 1,2,3,4, OUP and CIEFL.
3. English Pronunciation in use- Mark Hancock, Cambridge University Press.
4. English Phonetics and Phonology-Peter Roach, Cambridge University Press.
5. English Pronunciation in use- Mark Hewings, Cambridge University Press.
6. English Pronunciation Dictionary- Daniel Jones, Cambridge University Press.
7. English Phonetics for Indian Students- P. Bala Subramanian, Mac Millan Publications.
8. Technical Communication- Meenakshi Raman, Sangeeta Sharma, Oxford University Press.
9. Technical Communication- Gajendra Singh Chauhan, Smita Kashiramka, Cengage Publications.



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I Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
		0	0	2	1.5
ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB (BS1211)					

Introduction to Chemistry laboratory – Molarity, normality, primary, secondary standard solutions, volumetric titrations, quantitative analysis

1. Determination of HCl using standard Na_2CO_3 solution.
2. Determination of alkalinity of a sample containing Na_2CO_3 and NaOH.
3. Determination of Mn (II) using standard oxalic acid solution.
4. Determination of ferrous iron using standard $\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7$ solution.
5. Determination of copper (II) using standard hypo solution.
6. Determination of temporary and permanent hardness of water using standard EDTA solution.
7. Determination of iron (III) by a colorimetric method.
8. Determination of the concentration of acetic acid using sodium hydroxide (pH-metry method).
9. Determination of the concentration of strong acid vs strong base (by conductometric method).
10. Determination of strong acid vs strong base (by potentiometric method).
11. Determination of Mg^{+2} present in an antacid.
12. Determination of CaCO_3 present in an egg shell.
13. Estimation of Vitamin C.
14. Determination of phosphoric content in soft drinks.
15. Adsorption of acetic acid by charcoal.
16. Preparation of nylon-6, 6 and Bakelite (demonstration only).

Of the above experiments at-least 10 assessment experiments should be completed in a semester.

Outcomes: The students entering into the professional course have practically very little exposure to lab classes. The experiments introduce volumetric analysis; redox titrations with different indicators; EDTA titrations; then they are exposed to a few instrumental methods of chemical analysis. Thus at the end of the lab course, the student is exposed to different methods of chemical analysis and use of some commonly employed instruments. They thus acquire some experimental skills.

Reference Books

1. A Textbook of Quantitative Analysis, Arthur J. Vogel.



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I Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
		0	0	3	1.5
BASIC ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING LAB (ES1208)					

Learning Objectives:

- To predetermine the efficiency of dc shunt machine using Swinburne's test.
- To predetermine the efficiency and regulation of 1-phase transformer with O.C and S.C tests.
- To obtain performance characteristics of DC shunt motor & 3-phase induction motor.
- To find out regulation of an alternator with synchronous impedance method.
- To control speed of dc shunt motor using Armature voltage and Field flux control methods.
- To find out the characteristics of PN junction diode & transistor
- To determine the ripple factor of half wave & full wave rectifiers.

Section A: Electrical Engineering:

The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

1. Swinburne's test on D.C. Shunt machine (predetermination of efficiency of a given D.C. shunt machine working as motor and generator).
2. OC and SC tests on single phase transformer (predetermination of efficiency and regulation at given power factors).
3. Brake test on 3-phase Induction motor (determination of performance characteristics)
4. Regulation of alternator by Synchronous impedance method.
5. Speed control of D.C. Shunt motor by
 - a) Armature Voltage control
 - b) Field flux control method
6. Brake test on D.C. Shunt Motor.

Section B: Electronics Engineering:

The following experiments are required to be conducted as compulsory experiments:

1. PN junction diode characteristics a) Forward bias b) Reverse bias (Cut in voltage and resistance calculations)
2. Transistor CE characteristics (input and output)
3. Half wave rectifier with and without filters.
4. Full wave rectifier with and without filters.
5. CE amplifiers.
6. OP- amp applications (inverting, non inverting, integrator and differentiator)



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Learning Outcomes:

The student should be able to:

- Compute the efficiency of DC shunt machine without actual loading of the machine.
- Estimate the efficiency and regulation at different load conditions and power factors for single phase transformer with OC and SC tests.
- Analyse the performance characteristics and to determine efficiency of DC shunt motor & 3-Phase induction motor.
- Pre-determine the regulation of an alternator by synchronous impedance method.
- Control the speed of dc shunt motor using Armature voltage and Field flux control methods.
- Draw the characteristics of PN junction diode & transistor
- Determine the ripple factor of half wave & full wave rectifiers.



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I Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
		0	0	3	1.5
WORKSHOP PRACTICE LAB (ES1219)					

Course Objective: To impart hands-on practice on basic engineering trades and skills.

Note: At least two exercises to be done from each trade.

Trade:

- | | |
|-----------------------|--|
| 1.Carpentry | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. T-Lap Joint 2. Cross Lap Joint 3. Dovetail Joint 4. Mortise and Tenon Joint |
| 2.Fitting | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Vee Fit 2. Square Fit 3. Half Round Fit 4. Dovetail Fit |
| 3.Black Smithy | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Round rod to Square 2. S-Hook 3. Round Rod to Flat Ring 4. Round Rod to Square headed bolt |
| 4.House Wiring | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Parallel / Series Connection of three bulbs 2. Stair Case wiring 3. Florescent Lamp Fitting 4. Measurement of Earth Resistance |
| 5.Tin Smithy | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Taper Tray 2. Square Box without lid 3. Open Scoop 4. Funnel |
| 6.IT Workshop | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1.Assembly & Disassembly of Computer |



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I Year - II Semester		L	T	P	C
		0	0	2	1
ENGINEERING EXPLORATION PROJECT (PR1201)					

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- Build mindsets & foundations essential for designers
- Learn about the Human-Centered Design methodology and understand their real-world applications
- Use Design Thinking for problem solving methodology for investigating illdefined problems.
- Undergo several design challenges and work towards the final design challenge

Apply Design Thinking on the following Streams to

- Project Stream 1: Electronics, Robotics, IOT and Sensors
- Project Stream 2: Computer Science and IT Applications
- Project Stream 3: Mechanical and Electrical tools
- Project Stream4: Eco-friendly solutions for waste management, infrastructure, safety, alternative energy sources, Agriculture, Environmental science and other fields of engineering.

HOW TO PURSUE THE PROJECT WORK?

- The first part will be learning-based-masking students to embrace the methodology by exploring all the phases of design thinking through the wallet/ bag challenge and podcasts.
- The second part will be more discussion-based and will focus on building some necessary skills as designers and learning about complementary material for human- centered design.
- The class will then divide into teams and they will be working with one another for about 2 – 3 weeks. These teams and design challenges will be the basis for the final project and final presentation to be presented.
- The teams start with **Design Challenge** and go through all the phases more in depth from coming up with the right question to empathizing to ideating to prototyping and to testing.
- Outside of class, students will also be gathering the requirements, identifying the challenges, usability, importance etc
- At the end, Students are required to submit the final reports, and will be evaluated by the faculty.

TASKS TO BE DONE:

Task 1: Everyone is a Designer

- Understand class objectives & harness the designer mindset

Task 2: The Wallet/Bag Challenge and Podcast

- Gain a quick introduction to the design thinking methodology
- Go through all stages of the methodology through a simple design challenge
- Podcast: Observe, Listen and Engage with the surrounding environment and identify a design challenge.

Task 3: Teams & Problems

- Start Design Challenge and learn about teams & problems through this
- Foster team collaboration, find inspiration from the environment and learn how to identify problems



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Task 4: Empathizing

- Continue Design Challenge and learn empathy
- Learn techniques on how to empathize with users
- Go to the field and interview people in their environments
- Submit Activity Card

Task 5: Ideating

- Continue Design Challenge and learn how to brainstorm effectively
- Encourage exploration and foster spaces for brainstorming
- Submit Activity Card

Task 6: Prototyping

- Continue Design Challenge and learn how to create effective prototypes
- Build tangible models and use them as communication tools
- Start giving constructive feedback to classmates and teammates
- Submit Activity Card

Task 7: Testing

- Finish Design Challenge and iterate prototypes and ideas through user feedback
- Evolve ideas and prototypes through user feedback and constructive criticism
- Get peer feedback on individual and group performance
- Submit Activity Card

Task 8:

- Final Report Submission and Presentation

Note: The colleges may arrange for Guest Speakers from Various Design Fields: Graphic Design, Industrial Design, Architecture, Product Design, Organizational Design, etc to enrich the students with Design Thinking Concept.

REFERENCES:

1. Tom Kelly, *The Art of Innovation: Lessons in Creativity From IDEO, America's Leading Design Firm* (Profile Books, 2002)
2. Tim Brown, *Change by Design: How Design Thinking Transforms Organizations and Inspires Innovation* (HarperBusiness, 2009)
3. Jeanne Liedtka, Randy Salzman, and Daisy Azer, *Design Thinking for the Greater Good: Innovation in the Social Sector* (Columbia Business School Publishing, 2017)

OTHER USEFUL DESIGN THINKING FRAMEWORKS AND METHODOLOGIES:

- Human-Centered Design Toolkit (IDEO); <https://www.ideo.com/post/design-kit>
- Design Thinking Boot Camp Bootleg (Stanford D-School); <https://dschool.stanford.edu/resources/the-bootcamp-bootleg>
- Collective Action Toolkit (frogdesign); https://www.frogdesign.com/wpcontent/uploads/2016/03/CAT_2.0_English.pdf
- Design Thinking for Educators (IDEO); <https://designthinkingforeducators.com/>